

Perfect and Perfect Progressive Tenses

Pretest, p. 25.

1. I How long have you **known** my sister?
2. C (*no change*)
3. I **Have** you ever seen a ghost?
4. I How **have** you been? I haven't seen you for a while.
5. I Jonas **has** owned his home since last year, but his parents helped him buy it.
6. I How long **have you** been waiting for me?
7. I I **have been** watching TV since I got home.
- 8.–10. C (*no change*)

Exercise 1, p. 25.

1. lived
2. spoken
3. done

Exercise 3, p. 28.

2. ... spoken English?
3. ... known our teacher?
4. ... studied English?
5. ... had a passport / visa?
6. ... owned ... ?
7. ... been awake?
8. ... lived in this town?
9. ... participated in sports?
10. ... played ... ?

Exercise 7, p. 30.

| | |
|------------------------|-------------------|
| ... <i>since</i> | ... <i>for</i> |
| the beginning of March | a long time |
| December | two days |
| last week | most of the month |
| New Year's Day | days |
| yesterday | over a week |
| you got here | ages |

Exercise 8, p. 30.

1. have lived ... moved
2. was ... has loved
3. has wanted ... went
4. have seen ... bought
5. left ... have felt

Exercise 9, p. 31.

1. already (unspecified)
2. yet (unspecified)
3. never (unspecified)
4. lately (unspecified)

Exercise 10, p. 32.

1. traveled, taught, ridden, flown
2. finished, worked on, spent time on, looked at, discussed
3. done, tried, paid for, gotten, communicated, bought, decided, researched

Exercise 11, p. 32.

Sample answers:

- | | |
|--------------|-------------------|
| 2. slept | 7. played |
| 3. taught | 8. showed / shown |
| 4. owned | 9. developed |
| 5. witnessed | 10. become |
| 6. aced | |

Exercise 12, p. 33.

1. A: Have ... met (unspecified time)
B: haven't (unspecified time)
2. B: haven't watched (unspecified time) ... haven't had (unspecified time)
3. A: has been (from the beginning of the week up to now) ... 've had (from the beginning of the week up to now)
4. A: haven't eaten (from the beginning of the day until now) ... 've had (unspecified time)

Exercise 13, p. 33.

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|----------------------|-------------------|
| 1. has been | 6. has met |
| 2. has ever received | 7. has discovered |
| 3. has wanted | 8. has also heard |
| 4. took | 9. has learned |
| 5. came | |

Exercise 15, p. 34.

Part I

The phrase "bucket list" has become popular because of a movie of the same name: *The Bucket List*. In the movie, two cancer patients, one a playboy and the other a family man, become roommates in the hospital. Neither has a good prognosis. They spend a lot of time together and talk about what they want to do before they "kick the bucket." *Kick the bucket* is an idiom for "die." So the two friends make "a bucket list": a list of things they want to accomplish before they kick the bucket.

Now many people have made bucket lists. Activities often include traveling to exotic places and doing exciting sports like skydiving or bungee jumping. There are books and websites with hundreds of suggestions.

Think about your life. What haven't you done but would like to do?

Part II

1. She has ridden in a hot-air balloon already.
2. She hasn't learned how to write computer code yet.
3. She has eaten at a 5-star restaurant already.
4. She hasn't found a job she never wants to quit yet.
5. She hasn't sung in front of a live audience yet.
6. She hasn't discovered a cure for her insomnia yet.
7. She hasn't slept on a beach under the stars yet.
8. She has swum with the dolphins.
9. She has traveled to Antarctica already.
10. She has had an interesting conversation with a famous person already.

Exercise 17, p. 35.

- | | |
|---------|---------|
| 1. is | 5. has |
| 2. has | 6. is |
| 3. have | 7. have |
| 4. is | 8. have |

Exercise 19, p. 37.

Sample past tense sentences:

Jin's parents left Hong Kong in 1990.
His parents started a new life in 1990.
His parents started a restaurant in 1992.
Jin started at the University of Melbourne in 2013.
Jin left Australia in 2015.

Sample present perfect sentences:

Jin's parents have lived in Australia since 1990 (OR for ____ years).
Jin's parents have been in Sydney since 1991 (OR for ____ years).
His parents have worked in Sydney since 1991 (OR for ____ years).
Jin has been / has lived in Hong Kong since 2015 (OR for ____ years).
Jin has studied Chinese since 2015 (OR for ____ years).

Exercise 20, p. 37.

1. has never seen ... saw
2. had ... went ... have not had
3. has been ... was
4. has just occurred ... occurred
5. A: have known
B: knew
6. have gotten ... saw ... have also gotten

Exercise 21, p. 38.

Have you ever used flashcards to study grammar or vocabulary? Have you made flashcards to study the past participle forms that you saw at the beginning of this chapter? Research has shown that using flashcards with spaced-repetition practice is a very effective way to memorize information.

Spaced repetition means spacing out your practice over a period of time. For example, after you study a list of vocabulary words, you wait a few days to review them. If you get the words correct, you wait longer before you review them again. On the other hand, for words you missed, you practice them over shorter periods of time. There are many apps for spaced-repetition flashcard practice. I personally like AnkiApp because it's very user-friendly. Anki follows your progress and chooses the flashcards for you to study each day.

Why is memorizing this way effective? Think about learning basic math. If you know your times tables (e.g., 5×1 , 5×2 , 5×3), then your mind is free to do more complex math because you don't have to figure out these basic equations. The answer is right there for you to use. We can think of grammar in a similar way. If you know your past participles automatically, you don't need to think about the form before you try to express your ideas.

For English grammar, I think spaced repetition is especially useful for learning irregular past tense and past participle forms; gerunds and infinitives; prepositions; and two- and three-word verbs. You can try out this technique with the past participles that we have studied in this chapter or with the gerunds and infinitives at the end of Chapter 1.

See what you think. You may be pleasantly surprised by your progress. Good luck!

present perfect

have used
have made
has shown
have studied

simple past

saw
missed

Exercise 23, p. 39.

I have just learned from my friend Robert Shaw that he has **decided** to leave his position as tour guide and that you need to find a summer replacement quickly. I would like to apply for the position.

I **came** to this city two years ago to study at Columbia University. I **have been** a student in history and economics since that time. I am a hard worker and have held several part-time jobs at the college: tutor, library researcher, and History Department teaching assistant.

I am originally from Mexico City and speak fluent Spanish and English. My father is an English professor, and I **learned** to speak English as a child. When I lived in Mexico, I **worked** at my uncle's hotel. I **helped** tourists with their travel arrangements in the city. I also **gave** city tours in both Spanish and English. I have a good sense of humor, and my tours were a lot of fun.

Because of my history background, I **have been** very interested in this city since I arrived. I have done a lot of reading and have discovered many fascinating stories about it.

I think I have the qualifications to make an excellent tour guide. Would it be possible to speak with you about the job at a convenient time? I thank you in advance.

Exercise 24, p. 39.

1. a, c
2. a, c

Exercise 25, p. 41.

1. are ... have been
2. is ... has been
3. is ... has been

Exercise 26, p. 41.

1. has been looking
2. has been helping
3. have been working
4. haven't been getting
5. have been traveling
6. has been doing

Exercise 27, p. 41.

1. been standing outside in the cold.
2. been driving around the city.
3. been drinking a milkshake.
4. been working for six hours straight.
5. been trying to fix a leak.
6. been listening to music with my headphones on.
7. been admiring your new hairstyle.
8. been swimming in the pool.

Exercise 28, p. 42.

4. has been waiting
5. have liked

6. has been watching
7. has been teaching / has taught
8. has been sleeping
9. have been playing ... has been playing / has played

Exercise 29, p. 42.

- | | |
|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| 1. have you been | 8. have they been |
| 2. I've been taking | 9. It's been |
| 3. haven't been working | 10. they've been traveling |
| 4. how are | 11. They've been staying |
| 5. haven't seen | 12. spending |
| 6. They're doing | 13. they're enjoying |
| 7. They're traveling | |

Exercise 30, p. 43.

1. I have had this camera for 8 months now. It takes great pictures. I haven't had any problems with it. It's a little complicated to learn at first, but the instructions help. I have ordered other products from this site and have had great service.
2. I have been taking these vitamins since last year. They're incredible! My memory has improved. I have had more concentration and have been doing better in school. I have lost weight and I haven't even been trying! This product is fantastic!
3. I don't know why this company is in business. I have never been so disappointed with a product in my life. My laptop arrived with a dead battery. The customer service is terrible. I have emailed and called* the company numerous times, but they haven't responded. I have asked for a refund and now am waiting for a response. Order from this company only if you want a defective product.
[Note: *have is implied: (have) called]

Exercise 31, p. 44.

1. 1st event: Someone had knocked on the classroom door.
2. 1st event: The teacher had written my name there.

Exercise 32, p. 45.

1. felt ... had taken / took
2. had already given ... got
3. left ... got ... was ... had already dried
4. made ... put ... had ... had already eaten

Exercise 33, p. 45.

1. looked ... had forgotten ... felt ... offered
2. ran ... hadn't talked ... didn't recognize ... had lost
3. decided ... had never seen ... went

Exercise 35, p. 46.

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|---------------|----------|
| 1. is ... had | 4. had |
| 2. had | 5. would |
| 3. had | |

Exercise 36, p. 46.

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|------------|-------------|
| 1. a. have | 3. a. would |
| b. had | b. had |
| 2. a. has | 4. a. had |
| b. had | b. have |

Exercise 37, p. 47.

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|------|------|
| 1. b | 3. a |
| 2. a | 4. b |

Exercise 38, p. 47.

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|---------|------------|
| 1. a, b | 3. b, c, e |
| 2. a, d | 4. b, e |

Exercise 39, p. 48.

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|------|------|
| 1. a | 4. a |
| 2. b | 5. b |
| 3. a | |

Exercise 40, p. 48.

2. a. have been studying
b. had been studying
3. a. had been daydreaming
b. has been daydreaming
4. a. have been sleeping
b. had been sleeping
5. a. had been working
b. has been working

Exercise 41, p. 49.

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|----------------|------------|
| 2. Mr. Sanchez | 6. Mr. Fox |
| 3. Alice | 7. Dan |
| 4. Carlos | 8. Ken |
| 5. Jane | 9. Robert |

Exercise 42, p. 49.

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|----------------|----------------|
| 1. is | 7. has |
| 2. have | 8. had |
| 3. were | 9. had ... had |
| 4. have | 10. is ... has |
| 5. had | 11. have |
| 6. was ... had | |

Exercise 43, p. 50.

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|------|------|
| 1. a | 4. a |
| 2. b | 5. a |
| 3. b | |

Exercise 44, p. 51.

1. Since I came to this country, I **have learned / have been learning** a lot about the way of life here.
2. I **arrived** here only a short time ago. I **have been** here since last Friday.
3. How long **have you been** living here? I **have been** here for almost two years.
4. Why **haven't you** been in class for the last couple of days?
5. I **have been** coaching a soccer team for the last two months.
6. When I was a child, I **lived** with my aunt instead of my parents. My uncle **had died / died** before I **was** born, so I never knew him. My aunt raised me alone.
7. I **have been** living in my cousin's apartment since I **arrived** here. It **is** very small, and we are sharing the bedroom. I **need** my own place, but I **haven't found** one so far.
8. My grandfather **lived** in a small village in Italy when he was a child. At the age of 19, he **moved** to Rome, where he **met** and **married** my grandmother in 1957. My father **was** born in Rome in 1960. I **was** born in Rome in 1989.